Get The Gist

Reading and Learning Strategy

After Reading Strategy



Get the Gist - Summarising

Purpose of the 'Get the Gist' strategy:

'Get the Gist' (*Cunningham*, 1982) is an acronym for Generating Interactions between Schemata and Texts. It is summarising strategy. Effective summarising leads to an increase in student learning. Summarising requires students to focus on the main ideas of a text and to decide what is important without omitting key ideas. The ability to summarise has significant benefits for comprehending and ultimately retaining and recalling information. Teaching students summarising strategies, like 'Get the Gist', helps them learn to synthesise information, a higher-order thinking skill which includes analysing information and identifying key concepts.

Explicitly teaching 'Get the Gist':

Step 1

Choose an informational paragraph from a science, history, etc. textbook. Scan the text pulling out any key ideas from the text features. Read the text. (Pick a textbook piece that contains some trivia, as well as several ideas). Put the text on the overhead or board. Read it aloud to students and demonstrate deleting the trivia, putting a line through the unnecessary text.

Step 2

Continue reading and demonstrate picking out the *who, what, when, where, why* of the paragraph and related important information.

Step 3

Demonstrate pulling together the above information into a 10/20-word 'gist' or summary.

Step 4

In pairs, guide students in completing a 'Gist' sheet or 'Sum It Up'* sheet. Support students in creating summaries until they can do them independently. The number of words in a 'gist' summary can vary.

- * Sum It Up is a variation on this strategy. The teacher tells the students to imagine they are going to place an ad in the local newspaper on a specific topic and that each word they use will cost 10 cent. They only have €2.00 to spend, so they can only use 20 words in their summary (or €3.50 and 35 words, etc). An example of this strategy is in this resource.
- ** Students' summarising skills can be further developed by using other NBSS strategy resources e.g. Somebody Wanted But So, Summarising Maps, 5-4-3-2-1, Exit Slips.



Get the Gist

The *Get the Gist* strategy will help you find the main idea as you have to limit the number of words used and so focus on the important ideas rather than on details.

Heading:	Textbook Page:
1. Scan the page/section.	
2. Read the paragraph.	
3. Who or what is the paragraph mostly abou	t?
This paragraph is mainly about	
4. What important pieces of information are I	inked to the 'who' or 'what'?
•	
5. Put together the answers above and tell the	he main idea in 10 words or less!

Get The Gist!

The Get the Gist strategy will help you find the main idea as you have to limit the number of

words used and so focus on the important ideas. Name: _____ Topic: ____ _____ Pages: ____ 1. Read the page or section of the textbook. 2. Fill in the 5Ws and 1H you found out from your reading. Who: What: When: Where: Why: How: 3. Write a 20-word GIST summary.

Get the Gist

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Heading:	Textbook Page:
1. Read the text	
2. Fill out the 5Ws a	nd H
Who:	
What:	
When:	
Where:	
Why:	
How:	
3. Write the gist of w	hat you have read in 40 words or less!

Sum It UP!

- 1. Read pages:
- 2. While you are reading, list key words or phrases in the blank space provided below. The words must convey the **main** idea of the passage.

3. Use the **main idea** words listed above to write a 20 word main idea summary.

Title and pages: _

Sum It UP!

1. While reading, think about keywords and phrases that explain the main idea. List the keywords or phrases below.		

- 2. Circle all the keywords above that are the most important in the text.
- 3. Summarise your learning in 20 words:

Sum It UP!

Read the entire selection (paragraph, section, handout, etc.) and, as you read list the main idea words on the 'Sum It Up' sheet. Then write a summary of what you've read using as many of the main idea words as possible. Now imagine you have €2.00 and that each word you use is worth ten cent. So…you'll 'Sum It Up' in 20 words.

Title of Section: _____

 Read the section and underline the key words and main ideas. Write hese in the blank space below where it says 'Main Idea Words'. 		/rite
Main Idea Words:		

2. Now write a one sentence summary of what you have read, using as many main idea words as you can. Imagine you have €2.00 and that each word you use is worth ten cent. So...you must 'Sum It Up' in 20 words.

Sum It Up:

66 Word Summary

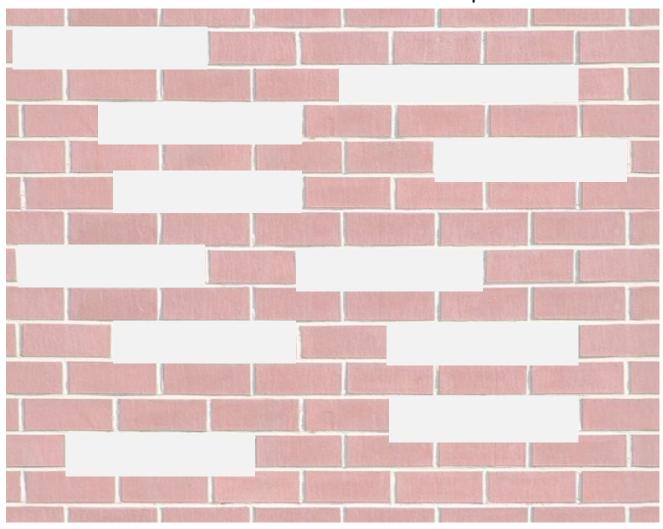
Read the entire selection (section/page.). Then reread and highlight main ideas, keywords or phrases. Then write a summary in 66 words. Use one word in each square. You must use complete sentences.

1		1	i l

word wall Gist

Write a summary of what you have read using as many main idea words /phrases as you can from the word wall below.





My main ideas summary:

Sum It UP!

1. Create an A+B+C topic sentence by combining the information from the three boxes below.

A	В	С
Title/Heading	Strong Verb	Big Idea

2. Write down 4-5 main ideas from what you read that support the big idea in your topic sentence.

Fact Outline (important information)		Verb Bank
	identify	(re)present
•	explore	show
	express	suggest
•	support	capture
	demonstrate	tell
•	illustrate	defend
	highlight	recommend
•	feature	explain
	describe	produce
•	proves	agree
	(Avoid using is/was You	can find more strong verbs by
		ord to look up the verbs above.)

3. Write your summary paragraph below. Start by copying your A+B+C topic sentence. Then turn each fact from the box above into a sentence. If helpful, add on explain sentences.

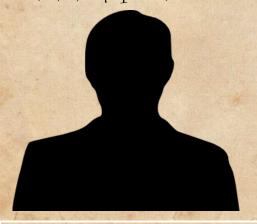
The DAILY GIST

GETTING TO THE HEART OF THE MATTER

- SINCE 1882-

YOUR HEADLINE/HEADING HERE

Summary picture here



Write a 20/30 word symmary of today's topic/lesson.

The DAILY GIST

GETTING TO THE HEART OF THE MATTER

- SINCE 1882-

Use 'Get the Gist' to Summarise a Chapter or Story

Gist for first paragraph/section
Gist for second paragraph/section
also for second paragraphy section
Gist for third paragraph/section
Gist for fourth paragraph/section
Summary

Summary Bookmarks

Copy, back and laminate the bookmarks below.

Sum It Up

- 1. Preview the text by looking at headings, subheading, skim the text pictures, etc. Then read the selection carefully.
- 2. Highlight VIPs (very important points).
- 3. Create an A+ B + C topic sentence.

A = identify the title or main heading

B = select a strong verb

(do not use is or was)

C = finish your thought with the big idea.

The Italian Renaissance
 produced many great artists and
 sculptors.

4. Now add on your VIPs. Be sure to write them as complete

sentences.

The Italian Renaissance produced many great artists and sculptors. The most famous artists were Michelangelo, Raphael, and Leonardo de Vinci. Michelangelo created the ceiling of the Sistine Chapel at the Vatican and the famous marble sculpture of David. Raphael created paintings for the Pope. Leonardo de Vinci painted the Mona Lisa, one of the most famous paintings of all times.

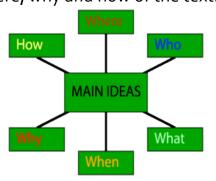
Get the Gist

1. Preview the text by looking at headings, subheading, pictures, etc.



2. Then read the selection carefully.

3. Highlight the who, what, when, where, why and how of the text.



4. Write a 20 word 'gist' summary using the information you have highlighted.

THE GIST

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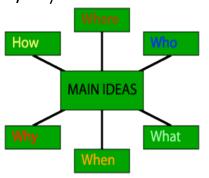
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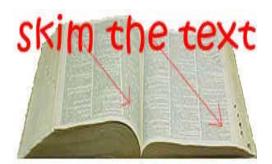
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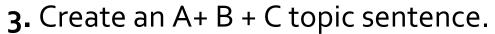
4. Write a 20 word 'gist' summary using the information you have highlighted.

THE GIST

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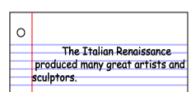






A=Identify the title or main heading B=Select a strong verb (don't use is or was)

C=Finish your thought with the big idea.



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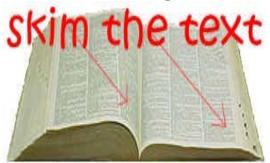
complete sentences.



Get the Gist

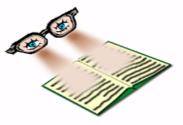
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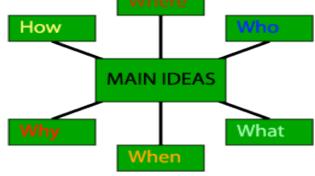


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